



Vice Chancellor Prof. Kshiti Bhushan Das welcomes Honorable Governor of Jharkhand Shri C.P. Radhakrishnan on the auspicious occasion of unveiling of statue of Swami Vivekanand on National Youth Day.



Honorable Governor of Jharkhand Shri C.P. Radhakrishnan and Vice Chancellor Prof. Kshiti Bhushan Das along with CUJ students, research scholars, faculties and officials on National Youth Day.

A Goal Towards 2047: A Vision For CUJ

Prof. R.K.Dey, DoC

Viksit Bharat@2047 is the comprehensive vision to make India a developed nation by 2047, on the eve of completion of our 100th year of independence. The vision encompasses economic growth, social progress, environmental sustainability, good governance including a range of development oriented subjects.



One of the key initiatives for the Viksit Bharat@2047 is "Voice of Youth" which emphasizes upon commitment and participation from youth in national development. Academic institutions, teachers, students including administration are the key stakeholders encompassing various roles such as to create awareness, orient the students, to play active roles and to act as facilitators. This visionary plan holds immense significance for students as it directly shapes the future of the students that they will inherit. It aims to improve various aspects of their lives, including education, job opportunities, health care and environmental conditions, ensuring a better quality of life for all. There are many key focus areas in Viksit Bharat@2047. Most



important thing is that we need to understand how we can be able to contribute as a student or faculty member or as an University as a whole. This starts with how students can contribute? How Department can contribute? Students can contribute through Innovation and Research, Entrepreneurship, and through Education and Awareness, all of which are closely correlated. Cultivating an entrepreneurship spirit empower students to create solution for societal need.

The culture of innovation and realization of using indigenous ideas can be helpful in reflecting students' inquisitiveness and capacity to invent. 'AgriBot', an agricultural robot capable of fertilizing crops with minimal human intervention, is a student's project that got wide acceptance. To make an innovation driven University,

entrepreneurship ecosystem is necessary. This can be done effectively through collaboration. Even Department of Science and Technology is also supporting students' entrepreneurs through funding, mentoring and networking for converting projects into viable start-ups. We can take an example of CUJ collaboration with CCL, Ranchi. CCL is leading organization in Energy Sector.

Apart from this, CCL has a major role in protection of Environment and Control of Pollution. Expertise available at CCL can be effectively collaborated to produce knowhow and new technology. One such example is the recent challenge to renovate the fine coal circuits for producing desired quality metallurgical grade coke to meet the growing necessity for Industrial sectors; which can be taken up as CUJ-Science/Engineering

students' project. Departmental contribution towards Viksit Bharat@2047 can be done by formulation of strategies related to Curriculum alignment, Research priorities, Industry collaboration, skill development, technology integration, policy engagement and monitoring the progress. Research priorities can be set for directing the efforts towards addressing societal challenges outlined in Viksit Bharat 2047 emphasizing solution for health care, technology, agriculture and environmental sustainability. Agriculture industry in Jharkhand is essential to the State's economy. However, water shortage, poor soil fertility, and open grazing during the Rabi season are the key limitations on the land used for growing Rabi crops.

Fertilizer and organic sources of nutrients are still central to improve soil fertility. There lies a scope where CUJ-Departments can take an initiative in collaboration to study the socio-economic and farming systems approaches to improve the soil fertility using all available options to maximize synergies and minimize trade-offs across productivity, economic, environmental, human, and social domains as a pathway to improve livelihoods of farmers of Jharkhand. Viksit Bharat gives an opportunity to make India a future confident of its capability.

Jai Hind



Pic 1: Vice Chancellor Prof. Kshiti Bhushan Das along with alumni of Central University of Jharkhand on CUJ Alumni Meet 2023. Pic 2: CUJ Students along with faculties and officials of Central Coalfields Limited (CCL) after winning various competitions during Vigilance Awareness Week jointly organized by CCL and CUJ. Pic 3: Vice Chancellor Prof. Kshiti Bhushan Das along with students & faculties during his Academic visit to South Korea. CUJ signed MoU with Keimyung University and Busan University of Foreign Studies.

Jharkhand : A Land of Cultures & Customs

Dr. Rabindranath Sarma, DATS

Jharkhand is an Indian state which can be considered as the best example of Unity in Diversity by perceiving its socio-cultural setting. Its diversity lies not only in its people, race and caste but can be observed in its occupation, language, celebrations, cultures, customs and many more. In this state we can witness 8 PVTGs among 32 tribes which include Munda, Santhal, Oraon, Kharis, Ho and others. According to 2011 census 8.6% of total population of Scheduled Tribes in India resides in Jharkhand. Among them Santhal, Munda and Oraon are largest in numbers.

These tribes are originally classified on the basis of their cultural types by the Indian Anthropologist, Lalita Prasad Vidyarthi as Hunter-gatherer, shifting agriculture, Simple artisans and settled agriculturists. Different



scholars have studied about people of this state in different times. Jharkhand is also rich in its folklore heritages of Baiga, Gond, Ho, Munda and others myths which says their own stories of the formation of the world.

State consists of three linguistic groups which- the Austric, Dravidian, and the Aryan group. Hindi is being the official language with other state languages including Nagpuri, Khortha, Kurmali, Maghi etc. Music

and dance are the part and the parcel of people of Jharkhand. They are blessed with an abundance of dance styles and music instrument. Nagara, Dhak, Mandar, Tuhila, Jhaan are the varieties of instruments with Chhan, Damkach, Kaurhi, Mundari, Paika, etc. being the various dancing styles. Trikut Parvat, Bhuvaneshwari Temple, Basukinath Temple, Rajappa, Diuri temple located in various district are the great religious heritages of the state.

State also having a number of tourist attractions patrao valley, rock garden, Tagore Hill, Nakshatra Van, Biodiversity Park are few among them. This distinct socio-cultural milieu of Jharkhand is the identity of it and people are trying to preserve their age-old tradition through their cultural heritages. The thrust area of Central University of Jharkhand is Culture and this is our strength too. It is also our responsibility to introduce this rich cultural heritage to people of other areas of Bharat and World. In this line all of us should come forward to showcase the rich cultural heritage of Jharkhand.



Women's Reservation in Politics & the Way Forward

Dr. Rajashree Padhi, DPS&PA

All over the world, women's representation in politics has become a contentious issue. The underrepresentation of women in country's decision making is a subject of political discourse which has been debated since years. Debating upon the Indian context, the percentage of women representation in the highest



legislative bodies is highly insignificant. As per the data provided by Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs-Government of India based on the election result-2019, the Lok Sabha has only 78 women representatives out of total 542 members and the Rajya Sabha has 24 women representatives out of total 224 members.

In September, 2023 the Parliament of India brought a unanimous resolution in approving the 128th Constitutional Amendment while accepting 33% reservation to women in Lok Sabha and State Legislative Assemblies. The Prime Minister declared that the Women's Reservation Bill is not only mere a legislation, it is a tribute to the countless women who have participated in nation building and participated vehemently in the making a number of public policies.

The prominent step by the Bharatiya Janata Party government again proved its commitment in ensuring the right to equality to women after abolition of triple talaq and age equality for marriage and other initiatives. The amendment of women reservation in highest legislative bodies meant to provide a platform where women shall have a say in decision making. Though women's representation in the Parliament of India

has increased from 4.4% during post independence to 15% of the last elections (2019). According to Global Gender Gap Report (2021) there is a decline in the number women ministers from 23.1% in 2019 to 9.1% in 2021. However, the picture provides a gloomy condition as India stands 141 amongst 185 countries in inter parliamentary union's global ranking for women representation in Indian Parliament as compared to its



neighbouring countries including Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Bangladesh, etc. The lower numbers of representation from the national parties like the BJP and the Congress have provided only 13 and 12 percent reservation to women candidates respectively in 2019 general elections. Secondly, the decision of the government to implement the reservation in 2029 general election instead of 2024 general election has equally created dilemma among the stakeholders. The reservation for women in Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) have played a significant role in bringing women representatives at local level and such politically empowered group from the local equally required

reservation for them at the state and national level. The ruling government as well as the opposition political parties should have given a thought of increasing reservation to women within their respective parties in upcoming general election than negotiating for overall reservation in 2029 general elections. To mark a note, the countries having highest political representation of women like Sweden, Norway, South Africa, have instituted highest internal quotas for women. Looking at the ground scenario of regional political parties of the country, the Biju Janata Dal of Odisha and Trinamool Congress of West Bengal nominate large number of women candidates in election. On the other hand, Janata Dal United of Bihar seeks for adequate representation of SCs, STs, OBCs and EBCs.

On the contrary, Mayawati of Bahujan Samaj Party of Uttar Pradesh said that the percentage of quota should be 50% rather being 33% and she was sceptical about the seriousness of the central government towards women reservation. However, the women's political empowerment through higher representation in the highest legislative bodies is a priority of the present government in making the governance participatory and effective. The said reservation for women in legislative bodies not only going to strengthen their right to a fullest development of their potential but the Constitutional Amendment certainly would work for self representation and self determination and in bringing the right to equality and a just society with a reduced gender gap. Even the government decided to implement it in 2029 general election, in between the political parties found sufficient time to restructure internal party structure in not only including more women within, but also making the party more conducive and environment friendly towards women.

NEWSLETS

ICSSR Research Methodology Workshop



Department of Commerce & Financial Studies and Department of Business Administration organized Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR) Research Methodology Workshop.

Transformative Workshop



Training and Placement Cell of Central University of Jharkhand organized Transformative Workshop on 'How to Build Your Own Generative AI Model'.

Othello Play by Performing Arts



Department of Performing Arts staged the play 'Othello'. The play was designed and directed by Dr. Venkata Naresk Burla, Coordinator of the Department.

National Unity Day Celebration



Additional Secretary, Higher Education, Govt. of India Shri Sunil Kumar Barnwal releasing CUJ Newsletter along with Vice Chancellor Prof. Kshiti Bhusan Das, IQAC Director Prof. R.K. Dey, Registrar Shri K.K. Rao, Dean Academics Prof. Manoj Kumar, Dean (R&D) Prof. A.K. Padhy and Dean (School of Culture), Dr. Sucheta Sen Chaudhuri.

The Law of Karma

Ayushi Keshri, DMC

There was a group of friends among which three always referred themselves as best friends. They were identified as Risha pallavi and Vishi. Although they were best friends, Vishi didn't felt like she fit in with them. It was because of the way she had always been treated by the other two friends, Risha and pallavi have always had way to embarrass Vishi but they weren't sorry for their behaviours. Risha was extreme with her pranks.

It was the end of semester so it wasn't very much happening with Vishi but what counts is the whole year of torture Vishi had to go through in the name of friendship. She was thrown in the swimming pool thrice, was locked up in the classroom every now and then, made to eat left over mass food forcibly and unknowingly from all her classmates, her bag was left sometimes in the dustbin which was done by her two friends but they never agreed to the allegations. When they left their schools and went to

different colleges, the situation was reversed with Risha. She had to face all that she did to Vishi and felt like an outsider in her classroom. She contacted Pallavi to share her dreadful experience but her phone was never answered showing the amount of care pallavi had for Risha.



Atlast Risha had to contact Vishi when she had no other choice and vishi instantly came to her rescue. After this Risha realised what she did to vishi was morally and ethically wrong thus Risha apologized to Vishi and whatever was going with her she thought she deserved it but Vishi still being a genuine person told her "I won't accept your sorry because the things you did to me isn't going away with your sorry but that is something nobody deserves, even the worst ones."

Moral of the story : What goes around comes around always. If you're doing something that is not correct you will be punished by karma.

जनजातीय गौरव दिवस का आयोजन

राष्ट्रीय। भारतीय केंद्रीय विश्वविद्यालय में जनजातीय गौरव दिवस का शुभारंभ से आयोजन किया गया। इस अवसर पर प्रभारी कुलपति प्रो कुंज बिहारी पांडा ने कहा कि विरसा हमारे भगवान हैं। अत्यापु में ही उन्होंने परभारता का साक्षात्कार कर लिया था। उन्होंने न सिर्फ सबका मन जीता, बल्कि विश्वास भी जीता।

इस अवसर पर राष्ठी के प्रख्यात सामाजिक कार्यकर्ता एवं पूर्व सहायक आयकर जायसत देवप्रत पाहन ने कहा कि भारत वीर सपुर्तों वीरागननाओं की धरती है। उन्होंने बताया कि 25 साल की छोटी सी अवधि में विरसा ने देशहित में अच्छे अच्छे काम किए, इसलिए उन्हें धरती आधा के नाम से जाना जाता है। उन्होंने अपने जीवनकाल में जनजातियों के गौरवरासी इतिहास के संरक्षण और संवर्धन का काम किया। इस कार्यक्रम ने विश्वविद्यालय के विद्यार्थियों, शिक्षकों और अधिकारियों ने भाग लिया।



Viksit Bharat @ 2047: Voice of Youth

CUJ Newsletter Team

14 December 2023: Vice Chancellor Prof. Kabin Bhasin Das addressed students in University Auditorium at Manasa campus and highlighted the importance of Youth's Voice in achieving the Goals of Viksit Bharat@2047. His motivations set the tone for upcoming one-week events. The University students had interactive discussions with Prof. Das regarding their ideas for achieving cherished vision of Developed Bharat. The details of event were covered by print newspapers and also was posted on University Social media platforms.

18th December 2023: Students of CUJ gathered near the administrative building to participate in the Half Marathons/Run for Ideas/Viksit Bharat. The event was meticulously coordinated by NCC Coordinator Dr. Vinod Agotiya, Dr. Bahindranath Sarma, NSS, and EBSH team at CUJ. Approximately 100 students and 10 faculty members actively engaged in the marathon, with the hope of building a healthier, developed India (Viksit Bharat) together. This event was a celebration of unity and the spirit of India's dreams. The enthusiasm and energy exhibited by students made it a truly unique experience, thanks to the students' unswerving zeal.

19 December 2023: Various Departments of the University set up a selfie booth in their departments and decorated it with attention-grabbing slogans such as "I've contributed my vision for Viksit Bharat @2047. Have you?" The booth will feature a QR



code and a web link for easy sharing and engagement. The Department of Economics and Development Studies, Department of Management, Department of Mass Communication, Department of Anthropology and Tribal Studies, Department of Education, Department of International Relations, Department of Economics, Department of Geography and Department of English organized a vibrant and unforgettable selfie event centered on the theme: "Viksit Bharat @2047." The program saw

enthusiastic participation from both students and faculty members of the department. Through this designated selfie spot, attendees gained insights into the diverse programs initiated by the Indian government aimed at enhancing societal well-being.

20 December 2023: The Departments of Statistics, Mass Communication, Geography, International Relations (IR), Education, Anthropology and Tribal Studies, Mathematics, and Political Science collabor-

ated to organize department-level events, each lasting 30-45 minutes. During these sessions, one or two faculty members delivered talks on the theme of Viksit Bharat, urging students to actively participate in Ideas/ViksitBharat. Additionally, two selected student or class representatives from each department shared their perspectives. The faculty members along with the students delivered their ideas on envisioning a developed India in 2047 and emphasized the role youth to the nation's progress.

छोटी ने सीयूजे का नाम किया रोशन

स्वामी विवेकानंद हमारे प्रेरणाश्रोत

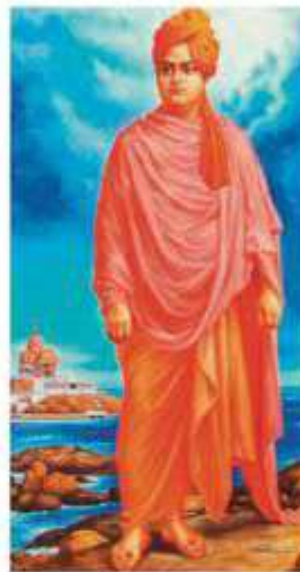


प्रारंभिक केंद्रीय विश्वविद्यालय की एनजी इजीनियरिंग विभाग की छात्रा छोटी गुप्ता ने गोवा राष्ट्रीय खेल में स्वर्ण पदक जीतकर पूरे विश्वविद्यालय के साथ राष्ट्र का नाम रोशन किया है। लॉन बॉल एकल महिला मुकाबले में उन्होंने यह स्वर्णिम सफलता पाई है। फाइनल में छोटी ने बंगाल की वीणा को 21-13 से पराजित किया। इससे पहले सेमीफाइनल के मुकाबले में उन्होंने जर्मनी की नयनमनी सैकिया को 21-12 से हराया था। नयनमनी राष्ट्रमंडल गोलक मेडलिस्ट के साथ अर्जुन अवार्डी हैं। लॉन बॉल के इतिहास में पहली बार प्रारंभिक को एकल महिला में स्वर्णिम सफलता मिली है। छोटी गुप्ता की इस उपलब्धि पर सीयूजे में खुशी की लहर है।

पुष्कर कुमार भास्कर

कलकत्ता के एक कुलीन बंगाली परिवार में स्वामी विवेकानंद का जन्म 12 जनवरी 1863 को हुआ। उनके पिता का नाम विष्णुधर दास था, जो कलकत्ता हाईकोर्ट के प्रसिद्ध नवील थे। उनकी माता का नाम भुवनेश्वरी देवी था। स्वामी विवेकानंद के पिता और उनकी माता के धार्मिक और प्रगतिशील सोच का उनके व्यक्तित्व पर व्यापक प्रभाव पड़ा।

25 वर्ष की अवस्था में स्वामी जी ने वैदिकता को त्याग कर लिया था। इसके बाद पूरे भारत की यात्रा की। उन्होंने 31 मई 1893 को अपनी वैश्विक यात्रा शुरू की, जलपान, चीन, कनाडा होते हुए अमेरिका के न्यूयॉर्क शहर पहुंचे, जहां विश्व धर्म परिषद सम्मेलन चल रहा था। स्वामी जी ने भारत के सनातन धर्म का प्रतिनिधित्व किया। भारत की अज्ञानता को धर्मपूर्ण वेदांत दर्शन का वैश्विक स्तर पर प्रसार दिया। स्वामी जी ने रामकृष्ण मिशन की स्थापना की।



स्वामी जी के अनमोल वचन

- ◀ एक समय में एक काम करो और ऐसा करते समय अपनी पूरी लगन और निष्ठा से उसमें लग जाओ।
- ◀ एक अच्छे चरित्र का निर्माण हजारों बार ठोकर खाने के बाद ही होता है।
- ◀ खुद को कमजोर समझना सबसे बड़ा पाप है।
- ◀ चिंतन करो, भिंता नहीं, नए विचारों को जन्म दो।
- ◀ हम जो बोते हैं, वो काटते हैं। हम स्वयं अपने भाग्य निर्माता हैं।

'G-20 University Connect Finale' at Bharat Mandapam

CUJ Newsletter Team

Hon'ble Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modi addressed the University Youth of the country at Bharat Mandapam in New Delhi on the 26th of September 2023, to celebrate and provide strokes of the worldwide "G-20 University Connect" programs held at different Universities across the country in the "G-20 University Connect Finale". Over 5000 students from more than 75 Universities of the country participated in the said program at Bharat Mandapam. The G-20 University Connect initiative was undertaken to build an understanding of India's G-20 Presidency among India's youth and enhance their participation in different G-20 events organized at colleges and universities for over one lakh students across 101 Universities.

Students of Central University of Jharkhand were also invited by Research and Information System for Developing Countries (RIS) for the Finale. On this occasion, students of CUJ interacted with Dharmendra Pradhan, Minister of Education, Harsh Varadhan Shringla, Chief Coordinator for India's G20



Presidency in 2023. Professor Sachin Chaturvedi, currently Director General at the Research and Information System for Developing Countries (RIS), Prof. Mamidala Jagadeesh Kumar, Chairman, UGC, Amitabh Kant, Indian bureaucrat as well as G-20 Sherpa, and other Secretaries present on the occasion. Minister of External Affairs, Shri Subrahmanyan Jaishankar interacted with students in virtual mode. Prime

Minister Shri Narendra Modi released four publications on the occasion, namely The Grand Success of G20 Bharat Presidency: Visionary Leadership, Inclusive Approach; India's G20 Presidency; Yasudhaya Kutumbhagam; Compendium of G20-University Connect Programme; and Showcasing Indian Culture at G20. 31 Students from Department of Political Science and Public Administration and Department of In-

ternational Relations (DIR) represented the Central University of Jharkhand in the "G-20 University Connect Finale" were accorded by Dr Alok Kumar Gupta, Associate Professor and Dean, School of Humanities and Social Sciences, Sneha Majumdar, Yash Chandra, Khatuk Tomar, Nil Bhaskar, Devansh Kumar, Abhishek Prasad, Solika Rani, Deepali Kumar, Rachita Bibbar, Anukrita Mazumdar, Archana Singh, Babu Swastika, Gaurav Kumar, Jygyanishu staman, Pratik Kumar, Suraj Kumar, Sangeta Mahna, Sanya Kumari, Sikha Kurvari, Shreya Rai, Sweety Kumari from the Department of International Relations were the enticed participant in the event.

Department of Political Science and Public Administration was represented by Uma Bharti, Sonu Kumar, Shekhar orson, Shivam Kumar, Taniya Doren, Animesh Kumar, Pratik Shrivast, Ananya Kumari, Kalkashan Tarannam, Kanishk Patilkar, Ph.D. Research Scholar of Department of Political Science and Public Administration also attended the program. The participants had a thrilling experience and were elated to have participated in the deliberations of Hon'ble Prime Minister Narendra Modi in person.



Nation First: Proud to be an Indian

Kaushik Kumar Hota, DED

**"We the People of India
Are Unbeatable,
Are Absolute,
Are Invincible
Are Determined
We Triumph over our Enemy
Our Tricolour is our Dignity
Our Nation is our Identity!"**

In future, I see India, My Motherland as the Global Superpower. Our Hon'ble Prime minister's "Vishwa Gauri" Dream will surely come true. India will achieve the success in each and every field. My nation's poverty will be eliminated and no person will have to suffer from poverty or hunger. Indians are not less in any fields. We have strong determination, will power and self courage to achieve success in each and every aspect. Employment opportunities will be raised and majority of the people will be highly educated. Although India is still a developing nation but I can imagine my Nation to be the most developed one till 2047. But I do assure you that Swachh Bharat, Swasth Bharat, Ek Bharat Shreshth Bharat, Atmanirbhar Bharat would have achieved milestones until 2047.

Today's youth like me are tomorrow's innovators, creators, builders and leaders. Knowledge and unity speak a lot rather than experience. For instance, a mass protest by the youth in Delhi for justice of Nishchaya case, a mass protest in Delhi for India against Corruption and a mass protest in the Marina beach for Jallikattu etc are some of the prominent examples which shows the role of Youth in the Bright future of India. If the riding power is given in the hands of the youth like us, then definitely India will become a developed nation. Currently India is facing a lot of challenges, and youth are capable of solving them.

They just need to be given a chance to prove themselves. Youth like me have the power to unite individuals in the various ethnic groups. Racism is an ongoing issue around the world. Individuals are fighting against each other because of the complexion of their skin and the texture of their hair. Religion is another issues, I can convince the fellow man to live in peace and love. All of us are one and we should not

allow these little differences to push us away from each other. There are also a lot of crime taking place. Women are being killed by their abusive husbands. Person's homes, businesses, are being broken into.

All of this crime and violence needs to stop. India is one of the youngest nations in the world with more than 62% of its population in the working age group (15-59 years), and more than 54% of its total population below 25 years of age. The youth once more has the ability to bring about a change in the country. The role of the youth in the nation building is crucial. We are problem solvers, have a positive influence on other young people and the nation. It are extremely ambitious. We have the ability to create an identity for ourselves and move the nation forward. However, we will not be able to do this without the support of family, community, govt. and fellow youth. We youth can make our beautiful land flourish and shine in success. Women Empowerment Schemes will motivate each and every one to respect the women. Nari Shakti will be the power of the nation. Beti Bachao Beti Padhao will not remain just as a slogan but it will too prove that girls are not inferior to boys.

All Students including the poor and orphan will get free education. India, the Land of Unity in Diversity will enhance its economic growth with the help of International Tourism. The attractive places of India are the best parts of tourists interest. Even many people from several countries visit the Wonders of India and help promote the feeling of Brotherhood and Friendship with other nations. I will aware the tourists through posters, wall paintings etc. to keep the tourists places neat and clean and to understand their importance. It may be in the field of Health or Agriculture, Transport or Communication,

Education or Sports, no doubt the world will know India through those respective fields by 2047. It may be Hija Swasthya Yojana of Odisha or Ayushman Bharat Yojana of India, all such schemes are the key to success. I will aware the village people about such programmes who are unaware about it. The Sports Stars are achieving many Gold, Silver and Bronze medals in International Olympics. My Odisha launched Hockey World Cup. Isn't it amazing? When the whole world was suffering badly from Covid-19, India managed to handle the pandemic smoothly and

by regulating it in an efficient way in a matter of days. When hundreds of people including the superpower America or China failed to discover the vaccine for this deadly corona virus, India within few attempts achieved it by discovering Covax and Covishield vaccines. This shows that India is self sufficient and efficient. It provided all people of India five doses of vaccine. Even during the bad situation India exported the vaccines to other countries. WHO was amazed of India's management plans and the steps taken to control the deadly virus. When The Village people wouldn't have dreamt of Pakka Roads, The Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana is a nationwide plan in India to provide good all-weather road connectivity to unconnected villages. The "Digital India" Programme aims to connect all Gram Panchayats by Broadband Internet, Promote e-governance and transform India into a connected knowledge economy. PM Modi's "Make In India" Campaign aims to turn the country into a Global Manufacturing Hub. Even 25 Growth Sectors are identified including Information Technology, Automobile, Pharma, Infrastructure and Renewable en-

ergy." Pradhanmantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) is a National Mission for Financial Inclusion, particularly to provide access to financial services such as savings and deposit accounts, remittance, credit, insurance, pension, etc at affordable rates. The scheme was announced on the eve of Independence Day, in 2014 by Prime Minister Narendra Modi.

"Sakshya Samriddhi Yojana" (SSY) aims to meet the expenses of education and marriage of a girl child. "Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana" (RSBY) main motto is to provide health insurance coverage to people belonging to the BPL (Below Poverty Line) category. The Smart Cities Mission is an amazing Step Towards Smart India. ISRO's Chandrayaan-1 to Gaganyaan Mission, 2023 is going to be about bigger, bolder, bawier missions from India. Two days ago Our "INS Vikram" showcases its capabilities during Maiden Voyage to Mumbai. Janti Shiksha Suraksha Karyakram (JSKK), Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK), Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakram (RBSK) aims to provide better Health Facilities to the People of India. Today the program of All India Radio (AIR) are available to 90% parts of the country to 98.8% of our people.

India's rail network is the fourth largest and second busiest in the world, transporting 8.09 billion passengers and 1.20 billion tonnes of freight annually. From simple Famine Relief Service to Air India, our Country has shown enormous excellence in the field of Transport and Communication. The Government of India has rolled out a number of new initiatives like Soil Health Card Scheme, Neem Coated Urea, Panchsangam Krishi Vikas Yojana (PKVY), Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY), National Agriculture Market (e-NAM), Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY) and Interest Subvention Scheme. All such schemes are indicative of the best of our future endeavours by the year 2047.

The initiative "Agriculture" taken by the Ministry of Defence is a praiseworthy step for the Youth Power in India. My India recently conducted G20 Leader's summit at Bharat Mandapam, New Delhi. All World Leaders praised India's effort during its G20 Presidency. Being a Citizen of the Democratic and Diverse of the world, The Golden Bird (Sone ki Chidya, I feel Proud to be an Indian. I feel India as the star emerging economy. As a Determined Indian, my vision of India is not less than becoming a Global Superpower or "Vishwa Gauri" in short.



CHIEF PATRON
Prof. Kshiti Bhushan Das Hon'ble Vice Chancellor
PATRONS
Prof. R.K. Dey Prof. Manoj Kumar Prof. K.K. Rao Prof. A.K. Padhy
CHIEF EDITOR
Dr. Rajesh Kumar, Coordinator, DMC
ASSOCIATE EDITOR
Dr. Amrit Kumar, Asst. Prof., DMC
TECHNICAL SUPPORT
Ajaenga H.K. Pamei, STA, DMC Ram Niwas Suthar, TA, DMC
COPY EDITOR
Vinayak Jha, PhD Scholar, DMC Sameer Bhoi, PhD Scholar, DMC
For any suggestions and feedback Please mail: rajesh.kumar@cuja.ac.in